

33 Day Consecration To Mary

Understanding the 33 Day Consecration To Mary: A Complete Guide

For many Christians seeking a deeper spiritual life, the **33 Day Consecration To Mary** represents a profound journey of faith, devotion, and transformation. This ancient practice, rooted in Catholic tradition, invites believers to dedicate themselves entirely to Jesus Christ through the hands of His Blessed Mother. While the concept of consecration is not new, the specific 33-day preparation has gained renewed attention in recent decades, largely due to its association with Saint Louis de Montfort and later endorsed by figures such as Saint John Paul II.

In this article, we will explore the history, structure, spiritual significance, and practical aspects of the **33 Day Consecration To Mary**. Whether you are considering making this consecration for the first time or simply wish to understand its meaning, this guide offers a thorough overview of one of the most cherished devotional practices in the Church.

What Is the 33 Day Consecration To Mary?

At its core, the **33 Day Consecration To Mary** is a method of total dedication to Jesus Christ through the intercession and guidance of the Virgin Mary. The consecration itself is not a single prayer or a one-time event but rather a structured journey that unfolds over 33 days. This period mirrors the 33 years of Christ's life on earth, making the timeframe deeply symbolic.

The practice is most famously associated with Saint Louis Marie Grignon de Montfort, a French priest and theologian who lived in the 17th and 18th centuries. His seminal work, *True Devotion to Mary*, outlines a complete spirituality of consecration that he calls "holy slavery" or total enslavement to Jesus through Mary. While the term "slavery" may sound jarring to modern ears, Montfort used it to describe a free and loving surrender of all that one is and has to God through Mary.

In his text, Montfort provides a series of readings, prayers, and meditations designed to prepare the soul over the course of 33 days. The consecration itself is typically made on a Marian feast day, such as the Feast of the Immaculate Conception, the Annunciation, or the Assumption. Many people choose to begin the 33 days on a specific date so that the consecration day falls on a significant

celebration of the Virgin Mary.

The Origins of the 33 Day Consecration To Mary

Saint Louis de Montfort lived from 1673 to 1716. He was a missionary, writer, and founder of religious congregations. His devotion to Mary was not merely sentimental but deeply theological. He believed that the fastest and most perfect path to union with Jesus Christ was through His mother. Montfort taught that Mary, having no obstacle to grace, could lead souls directly to her Son in a way that no other creature could.

Montfort's writings on true devotion were largely unknown for many years. In fact, the manuscript of *True Devotion to Mary* remained hidden in a chest for over a century after his death, only being discovered in 1842. Since its publication, the book and the practice of the **33 Day Consecration To Mary** have spread throughout the world.

One of the most famous advocates of this consecration was Pope John Paul II. He adopted Montfort's spirituality early in his priestly life and often credited his devotion to Mary for his strength, especially during his pontificate. His papal motto, *Totus Tuus* (meaning "Totally Yours"), is a direct quote from Montfort's formula of consecration. John Paul II's public endorsement gave the **33 Day Consecration To Mary** a place of prominence in modern Catholic spirituality.

How the 33 Day Consecration To Mary Is Structured

The 33-day preparation is typically divided into four distinct weeks, each with its own spiritual focus. While different versions of the consecration exist, the structure based on Montfort's original method is the most widely used. Here is a general outline of the 33-day journey:

- **Week One (Days 1-12):** The first phase focuses on detachment from the spirit of the world. During this time, the participant prays and meditates on the need to renounce the values and attachments that separate the soul from God. The goal is to cultivate a genuine desire to belong entirely to Jesus through Mary.
- **Week Two (Days 13-19):** The second part centers on coming to know the Blessed Virgin Mary. Through readings from Montfort and the Gospels, the person reflects on Mary's role in salvation history, her virtues, and her unique relationship with the Trinity. This week seeks to foster a deep, personal love for Mary as a mother and guide.
- **Week Three (Days 20-26):** The third phase focuses on coming to know Jesus Christ more intimately. The participant meditates on the life, teachings, and mysteries of Christ, particularly His humility, obedience, and love. The goal is to see Jesus

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through Mary's eyes and to desire union with Him above all else.

- **Week Four (Days 27-33):** The final week is a time of preparation and anticipation. The readings and prayers become more intense, leading the soul to the moment of consecration. On day 33, the person recites the Act of Consecration, offering themselves entirely to Jesus through Mary.

Each day of the preparation involves a set of readings from Scripture and *True Devotion to Mary*, as well as specific prayers such as the Litanies of the Holy Name of Jesus, the Litany of the Holy Spirit, the Litany of the Blessed Virgin Mary, and the Ave Maris Stella. The daily time commitment is usually about 20 to 30 minutes, though this can vary depending on the individual.

Why Choose the 33 Day Consecration To Mary?

People choose to make the **33 Day Consecration To Mary** for many reasons. Some are drawn to it because of its rich spiritual depth. Others seek a more structured way to grow in their faith. Still, others desire a closer relationship with Mary as a means of growing closer to Jesus. Here are several reasons why this practice has become so popular:

1. Deepening of Marian Devotion

The consecration is not a superficial act. It requires daily prayer, reflection, and effort. Over the 33 days, the person develops a genuine relationship with the Virgin Mary. This is not merely asking for favors but learning to see her as a model of faith and a loving mother who always leads souls to her Son.

2. A Pathway to Holiness

Saint Louis de Montfort taught that consecration to Mary is the surest, shortest, and most perfect way to union with Christ. By entrusting all of one's merits, prayers, and works to Mary, the soul allows her to purify them and present them to God. This act of total surrender can be a powerful catalyst for personal transformation.

3. Spiritual Protection

Many who practice this consecration report a sense of deeper spiritual protection. Placing oneself under Mary's mantle and entrusting her with one's spiritual life can bring peace and confidence in the face of trials. The consecration is often made with the intention of being preserved from sin and guided toward virtue.

4. Unity with the Church

The **33 Day Consecration To Mary** is not an isolated devotion. It connects the individual with a vast community of believers who have made the same consecration. There is a profound sense of solidarity with the saints, especially Saint John Paul II, Saint Mother Teresa of Calcutta, and countless others who lived this devotion.

Practical Considerations for Making the Consecration

If you are considering making the **33 Day Consecration To Mary**, there are a few practical steps to keep in mind. Proper preparation will help you get the most out of the experience.

Choose Your Dates Carefully. Since the consecration is often made on a Marian feast day, you will need to count backward 33 days to find your start date. For example, if you wish to consecrate yourself on the Feast of the Immaculate Conception (December 8), you would begin on November 5. Many resources provide a calendar of start dates for major Marian feasts throughout the year.

Find a Guide or Resource. Several books and online resources provide the daily readings and prayers for the 33 days. The most traditional is Saint Louis de Montfort's *True Devotion to Mary* along with *The Secret of Mary* and *Preparation for Total Consecration* by the same author. Many modern adaptations exist, including easy-to-follow booklets and apps that simplify the process.

Set Aside Time Each Day. Consistency is key. The daily reading and prayer time should be a priority. Choose a quiet space where you will not be disturbed. Many people do the consecration at the same time each day, such as in the morning or before bed.

Prepare Your Heart. The **33 Day Consecration To Mary** is a spiritual journey, not a ritual to be rushed. Approach it with an open heart and a willingness to be changed. Consider going to Confession before beginning and again before the consecration day. Receiving the Eucharist frequently during the 33 days is also encouraged.

Common Questions About the 33 Day Consecration To Mary

Do I have to be Catholic to make this consecration?

While the consecration is deeply rooted in Catholic teaching, Christians from other traditions who have a devotion to Mary may also find value in the practice. It is always advisable to consult a spiritual director or pastor for guidance.

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Can I repeat the consecration?

Yes. Many people make the consecration annually, often on the same feast day each year. The renewal of consecration deepens the commitment and refreshes the spiritual graces received.

What if I miss a day?

Life happens. If you miss a day, do not become discouraged. Simply pick up where you left off or, if many days have been missed, consider restarting on the next suitable date. The goal is not perfection but fidelity.

What happens after the 33 days?

The consecration itself is an act, but the spiritual life is ongoing. After making the consecration, many people continue to live out their total surrender to Jesus through Mary by daily prayer, frequent reception of the sacraments, and acts of charity. Some choose to continue using Montfort's prayers or to wear a Miraculous Medal or other Marian symbol as a reminder of their consecration.

Theological Depth of the 33 Day Consecration To Mary

For those who seek a deeper understanding, the **33 Day Consecration To Mary** is grounded in solid theology. Montfort taught that Mary is the "Mold of God," meaning that she can shape souls into the likeness of Christ. By entrusting oneself to her, the soul allows her to remove obstacles, purify intentions, and infuse virtues.

This consecration is also deeply Trinitarian. It is made to Jesus through Mary, in union with the Holy Spirit, and for the glory of God the Father. It is not about exalting Mary above her Son but about recognizing her unique role in the economy of salvation. As Montfort wrote, Mary is the easiest, shortest, and most perfect means of reaching union with Christ.

The consecration also emphasizes the concept of "slavery of love." This is not a forced servitude but a freely chosen surrender motivated by love. It is the recognition that we belong entirely to God and that placing ourselves in Mary's hands is the safest and most effective way to give ourselves completely to Him.

Witnesses to the Power of the Consecration

Beyond Saint John Paul II, many other holy men and women have attested to the power of the **33 Day Consecration To Mary**. Saint Mother Teresa of Calcutta required her Missionaries of Charity to make