

Advanced Gunsmithing

The Art and Science of Advanced Gunsmithing: Beyond the Basics

For many firearm enthusiasts, the journey begins with basic maintenance—cleaning a barrel, field-stripping a handgun, or swapping out a scope. But for those who feel the pull toward deeper understanding and precision, **advanced gunsmithing** is the natural next step. This is not merely about fixing broken parts; it is a discipline that marries mechanical engineering with fine craftsmanship. Whether you are a hobbyist looking to build a custom rifle or a professional seeking to refine your skills, mastering advanced gunsmithing techniques opens a world of accuracy, reliability, and personalization that factory offerings simply cannot match.

In this comprehensive guide, we will explore the core competencies of advanced gunsmithing, from precision barrel work and action truing to metal finishing and stock bedding. We will also discuss the tools, safety protocols, and mindset required to excel. If you are ready to deepen your relationship with firearms and achieve exceptional results, read on.

What Defines Advanced Gunsmithing?

At its heart, advanced gunsmithing goes beyond replacing springs or adjusting sights. It involves modifying, customizing, and sometimes creating firearm components to exacting specifications. This level of work demands a thorough understanding of metallurgy, ballistics, machining, and firearm design. An advanced gunsmith can diagnose subtle accuracy issues that a standard smith might miss, and they possess the skills to correct them through precise machining and fitting.

Advanced work often includes:

- Chamber reaming and barrel crowning for improved accuracy.
- Action truing (blueprinting) to ensure perfect alignment of bolt lugs, receiver face, and barrel threads.
- Custom trigger jobs that achieve a crisp, safe pull weight.
- Stock bedding (glass or pillar) to eliminate movement and harmonics.
- Metal refinishing such as bluing, Cerakote, or nitriding.
- Building custom rifles from bare receivers and barrels.

Each of these areas requires specialized knowledge and tools. But more importantly, they require patience and a methodical approach. Rushing an advanced gunsmithing task often leads to costly mistakes or dangerous conditions.

Essential Tools for the Advanced Gunsmithing Workshop

You cannot perform advanced gunsmithing without a properly equipped workspace. While the basic toolkit includes screwdrivers, punches, and a vise, advanced work demands precision instruments. Here is a list of must-have equipment for serious work:

1. **Lathe:** A metal lathe is indispensable for barrel threading, chamber reaming, and making custom bushings or pins. A mini-lathe may suffice for small parts, but a full-size lathe with a steady rest is preferred for barrel work.
2. **Mill:** A vertical milling machine allows you to cut scope bases, drill and tap receivers, and modify action rails. Accuracy within 0.001 inch is common.
3. **Reamers and Headspace Gauges:** For chambering new barrels or setting headspace, you need a set of chamber reamers (e.g., for .308 Win, .223 Rem, etc.) and corresponding Go/No-Go gauges.
4. **Barrel Vise and Action Wrenches:** Securely holding a barrel without damaging it requires a well-made barrel vise. Action wrenches vary by manufacturer (Remington 700, Savage, etc.).
5. **Dial Indicator and Magnetic Base:** Used to measure runout, align bolt lugs, and check concentricity. This is crucial for action truing.
6. **Trigger Pull Gauge:** To safely and consistently set trigger weight.
7. **Torque Wrench (inch-pounds):** Many scope bases and action screws require specific torque values for accuracy.
8. **Files, Stones, and Polishing Materials:** For smoothing action surfaces, deburring, and finishing.
9. **Safety Gear:** Always wear safety glasses and hearing protection in a machine shop. A respirator may be needed when bluing or spray painting.

Investing in quality tools is non-negotiable. Cheap tooling can ruin parts and compromise safety. Start with the essentials and expand as your skills grow.

Barrel Work: The Heart of Accuracy

In **advanced gunsmithing**, no component affects accuracy more than the barrel. Factory barrels are often mass-produced with tolerances that leave room for improvement. A skilled gunsmith can transform a mediocre barrel into a match-grade performer.

Chamber Reaming and Headspace

When fitting a new barrel, or even reworking an old one, the chamber must be cut precisely. Using a piloted finish reamer, the gunsmith cuts the chamber to the correct depth, then checks headspace with Go and No-Go gauges. Too much headspace is dangerous; too little prevents the action from closing. This step demands a steady hand and careful measurements.

Crowning and Muzzle Work

The crown of the barrel—the very last point the bullet contacts—must be perfectly uniform. A damaged or off-center crown will destabilize bullets. The gunsmith uses a crowning tool or lathe to cut a recessed 11-degree or target crown. Often, this alone improves accuracy significantly.

Chamber and Bore Polishing

Using special abrasive compounds, the advanced gunsmith may polish the chamber and bore to reduce friction and improve velocity consistency. This is a delicate process: over-polishing can

enlarge the bore. When done correctly, it reduces fouling and aids in cleaning.

Action Truing (Blueprinting)

Factory actions have machining variations that cause misalignment. The bolt lugs may not bear evenly, the receiver face may be skewed, and the thread axis may not be perpendicular to the bore. Action truing corrects these issues. The process typically includes:

- Facing the receiver face: Cutting it perfectly square to the bolt lug axis.
- Truing the bolt lugs: Using a fixture to ensure both lugs contact the receiver simultaneously.
- Aligning the bolt body: Checking and correcting concentricity.
- Recutting the thread plane: Ensuring the barrel threads are perpendicular to the receiver face.

This work is usually done on a lathe with specialized fixtures. Once completed, the action is said to be "blueprinted." The result is significantly improved accuracy because the barrel and bolt operate in perfect alignment.

Custom Trigger Jobs

A smooth, crisp trigger is essential for precision shooting. In advanced gunsmithing, triggers are often disassembled, polished, and adjusted for a clean break. However, safety must never be compromised. The gunsmith must ensure that engagement surfaces are still sufficient to prevent accidental discharge. Many custom actions come with adjustable triggers, but aftermarket units like Jewell or Timney can be installed and tuned. This is one area where experience is critical; a poorly done trigger job can be lethal.

Stock Bedding: Glass and Pillar

No matter how accurate the barreled action, if the stock flexes or puts uneven pressure on it, accuracy suffers. Advanced gunsmithing solves this through bedding. There are two common methods:

1. **Glass Bedding:** A liquid epoxy compound is applied to the stock's action area. The action is coated with release agent, then pressed into the stock to create a perfect mold. After curing, the action fits snugly and evenly, eliminating movement.
2. **Pillar Bedding:** Metal pillars (small cylinders) are installed in the stock's screw holes. They provide rigid, consistent contact between action and stock, preventing compression over time. Pillar bedding is often combined with glass bedding.

Proper bedding can turn a hunting rifle into a sub-MOA performer.

Metal Finishes and Coatings

Beyond mechanics, advanced gunsmithing includes cosmetic refinishing. Traditional bluing (hot or cold) provides corrosion resistance and a classic look. Modern coatings like Cerakote offer durability in various colors. Some gunsmiths offer DuraCoat or even nitride treatments (like Melonite) which penetrate the metal surface. Each method requires surface preparation and careful application. A poor finish can peel or wear quickly, so following manufacturer instructions is vital.

Safety and Legal Considerations in Advanced Gunsmithing

Because advanced gunsmithing often involves modifying firearms, legal compliance and safety are paramount. Always check local, state, and federal laws before performing modifications. Some changes (like converting a rifle to fully automatic) are illegal without special licensing. Furthermore, any modification that affects the firearm's safety features—such as the trigger, sear, or firing pin—requires thorough testing. The gunsmith is responsible for ensuring the firearm functions safely before it leaves the shop.

Here are key safety protocols:

- Verify headspace on any barrel installation.
- Test fire at a range after major modifications.
- Use proper torque values; over-tightening can crack receivers.
- Keep a clean and organized workspace to avoid mixing parts.
- Document all modifications and measurements for future reference.

Developing Your Skills: Education and Practice

Advanced gunsmithing is not self-taught over a weekend. Several reputable schools offer formal gunsmithing programs, such as the Colorado School of Trades or Penn Foster. Many professional gunsmiths also attend specialized seminars on CNC machining, metal finishing, or barrel making. Online resources and forums (like Practical Machinist or the Varmint Al's website) provide valuable insights, but nothing replaces hands-on practice under a mentor.

Start with less critical modifications—like re-bedding a stock or polishing a trigger on a budget rifle. Gradually move to barrel installations and action work. Keep meticulous records of each project. Mistakes will happen; learn from them without letting frustration derail you.

Conclusion: The Rewards of Mastery

Advanced gunsmithing is a demanding yet deeply satisfying pursuit. It allows you to create firearms that perform far beyond factory specifications, tailored exactly to your preferences or your clients' needs. The skills required—machining, metallurgy, patience, and problem-solving—are transferable and respected across many trades. Whether you aim to become a professional gunsmith or simply elevate your hobby, the journey into advanced work is a commitment to excellence. With the right tools, knowledge, and safety mindset, you can turn a collection of metal and wood into a precision instrument that you trust with absolute confidence.

Remember: every great gunsmith started with a single project. Take your time, respect the craft, and continue learning. The next level of accuracy and artistry is within your reach.