

# Under Pressure Cooking Sous Vide

## Under Pressure Cooking Sous Vide: The Revolutionary Fusion of Speed and Precision

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If you love the perfectly tender, evenly cooked results of sous vide but crave the speed of pressure cooking, you are not alone. The culinary world has been buzzing with a technique that merges the best of both worlds: **under pressure cooking sous vide**. This innovative method leverages the power of a pressure cooker to create a stable, high-temperature environment that mimics a water bath while dramatically reducing cooking times. Whether you are a busy home cook or a dedicated foodie, understanding how to combine these two powerful techniques can transform your kitchen routine.

Traditionally, sous vide relies on cooking food in a precisely controlled water bath at a constant temperature—often below boiling point—for extended periods. Pressure cooking, on the other hand, uses steam trapped under high pressure to raise the boiling point of water, cooking food much faster. **Under pressure cooking sous vide** uses a pressure cooker (many modern models have a dedicated sous vide function) to maintain an exact temperature while still taking advantage of the pressurized environment. The result? Meats that are fork-tender, vegetables that are perfectly cooked, and flavors that are more concentrated—all in a fraction of the time.

## What Is Under Pressure Cooking Sous Vide?

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At its core, **under pressure cooking sous vide** is a hybrid technique that uses a sealed pot under high pressure to cook food at a precise, low temperature. In a standard sous vide setup, you place vacuum-sealed bags in a water bath that stays at a set temperature (e.g., 130°F for medium-rare steak). In a pressure cooker, you can set the same target temperature, but because the pot is sealed and pressurized, the water can reach that temperature faster and stay there more

## Under Pressure Cooking Sous Vide

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consistently.

Some modern electric pressure cookers, like the Instant Pot Pro with its sous vide button, are specifically designed for this method. However, you can also achieve **under pressure cooking sous vide** with a stovetop pressure cooker and a reliable thermometer. The key is to maintain the water temperature without reaching a full rolling boil—something that is easier with a pressure cooker because the steam keeps the heat distributed evenly.

### The Science Behind the Method

To understand why **under pressure cooking sous vide** works so well, you need to grasp how pressure affects water's boiling point. At sea level, water boils at 212°F (100°C). Inside a pressure cooker, the pressure rises to about 15 psi (pounds per square inch) above atmospheric pressure, which elevates the boiling point to around 250°F (121°C). This higher temperature allows you to cook food quickly, but when you set the cooker to a lower temperature (say 140°F for chicken), the pressure simply helps the water reach and maintain that exact heat without boiling away.

The sealed environment also prevents evaporation, so the water bath remains stable. This is why **under pressure cooking sous vide** can cook a chicken breast in 20 minutes instead of 90 minutes in a traditional sous vide bath—while still delivering that same moist, tender texture.

## Key Benefits of Combining Pressure and Sous Vide

- **Speed:** You can cut cooking times by 50–70% compared to standard sous vide.
- **Consistency:** The pressurized environment eliminates temperature fluctuations from opening the lid or adding cold food.
- **Flavor Concentration:** Because the bag is sealed under pressure, juices and aromatics stay locked in, intensifying taste.
- **Energy Efficiency:** A pressure cooker uses less energy than a large water bath that runs for hours.
- **Versatility:** Many pressure cookers double as slow cookers, steamers, and rice cookers, making **under pressure cooking sous vide** just one of many functions.

# How to Get Started with Under Pressure Cooking Sous Vide

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Ready to try this technique? You likely already have the essential tool: a pressure cooker. Here is a step-by-step guide to ensure success.

### Equipment Needed

1. **Pressure Cooker:** Preferably an electric model with a sous vide mode, but a stovetop cooker works fine if you have a precise thermometer.
2. **Vacuum Sealer or Zipper Bags:** Vacuum bags are ideal, but high-quality freezer bags (using the water displacement method) also work.
3. **Instant-Read Thermometer:** To verify the water temperature if your cooker lacks a digital readout.
4. **Trivet or Rack:** Keeps the bags off the bottom of the pot, preventing scorching.

## Step-by-Step Guide

1. **Season and Seal Your Food:** Place your seasoned meat, fish, or vegetables into a vacuum bag or a zipper bag. Remove all air (use the water displacement method for zipper bags).
2. **Set the Temperature:** Refer to a sous vide cooking chart for your desired doneness. For example, medium-rare steak: 130°F (54°C); chicken breast: 145°F (63°C); carrots: 183°F (84°C).
3. **Preheat the Pressure Cooker:** Add water to the pot (usually 2–4 cups, enough to cover the food). Close the lid, ensure the valve is set to sealing, and select the sous vide or manual mode. Set the temperature and time.
4. **Wait for the Water to Reach Temperature:** The cooker will heat quickly. For **under pressure cooking sous vide**, the pressure will build, raising the boiling point, but the temperature will stabilize at your set point.
5. **Add the Sealed Bags:** Once the water is at the target temperature, carefully place the bags into the water. They should be fully submerged. Close the lid again.
6. **Cook Under Pressure:** The cooker will maintain the set temperature under

## Under Pressure Cooking Sous Vide

pressure. Follow recommended times (see chart below), but expect about half the time of traditional sous vide.

7. **Natural Release or Quick Release:** When the timer ends, you can either let the pressure drop naturally (recommended for delicate items) or do a quick release. Open the lid.
8. **Sear if Desired:** For meats, pat dry and quickly sear in a hot pan to develop a crust.

### Tips for Perfect Results

- **Don't Overfill the Pot:** Leave enough space for steam circulation.
- **Use a Thermometer:** Even with an electric cooker, check the water temperature with an instant-read thermometer to confirm accuracy.
- **Adjust Cooking Times:** Because **under pressure cooking sous vide** cooks faster, start with times that are 30–50% of standard sous vide times. Thicker cuts may need less reduction.
- **Season Generously:** The sealed environment means flavors don't dilute; use herbs, garlic, and spices freely.
- **Pre-Sear for Extra Flavor:** Some chefs sear the meat before bagging to add

depth.

## Best Foods for Under Pressure Cooking Sous Vide

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Not every dish benefits equally from this hybrid method. Here are the top candidates.

### Meats and Poultry

Tough cuts like chuck roast, short ribs, and pork shoulder become meltingly tender under pressure, but the precision heat keeps them from becoming dry. For lean cuts like chicken breast or pork loin, the faster cook time prevents the dreaded “rubbery” texture that can happen in a long, traditional sous vide bath. **Under pressure cooking sous vide** yields juicy, evenly cooked meat every time.

### Fish and Seafood

Salmon, halibut, and shrimp cook in a matter of minutes. The controlled

## Under Pressure Cooking Sous Vide

temperature ensures that delicate fish remains moist without breaking apart. Try cooking skin-on salmon at 122°F (50°C) for 10 minutes under pressure—then crisp the skin in a skillet.

### Vegetables

Root vegetables like carrots, beets, and potatoes undergo a remarkable transformation. They become tender all the way through while retaining their shape and vibrant color. For example, sous-vide carrots at 183°F (84°C) take about 30 minutes in a traditional water bath, but under pressure they are done in 12–15 minutes.

### Eggs

Yes, you can make perfect soft-boiled eggs using **under pressure cooking sous vide**. The eggs are cooked evenly from shell to yolk without the risk of overcooking the white. Set the cooker to 145°F (63°C) for 20 minutes for a runny yolk, then shock in ice water.

# Recipe Example: Under Pressure Sous Vide Chicken Breast

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Here is a simple, foolproof recipe that demonstrates the technique.

## Ingredients

- 2 boneless, skinless chicken breasts (about 6 oz each)
- Salt and pepper to taste
- 1 tablespoon olive oil
- 2 cloves garlic, smashed
- A few sprigs fresh thyme

## Instructions

1. Season chicken breasts with salt and pepper. Rub with olive oil and place in a vacuum bag with garlic and thyme. Seal.
2. Set your pressure cooker to 145°F (63°C) using the sous vide or manual

## Under Pressure Cooking Sous Vide

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- mode. Add water (about 3 cups) and preheat.
3. When the water reaches temperature, submerge the bag. Cook for 20-25 minutes under pressure.
  4. When done, open the bag. Pat the chicken dry with paper towels.
  5. Heat a cast-iron skillet over high heat with a little oil. Sear each breast for 90 seconds per side